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Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. Docket Number (Optional) PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW 77897-US1 Filed Application Number 08/845,897-Conf. April 28, 1997 #8846 First Named Inventor M Ashraf Imam et al. Art Unit Examiner 1771 H. Vo Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request. This request is being filed with a notice of appeal. The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s). Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided. I am the applicant /inventor. /Joseph T. Grunkemeyer/ Signature assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) Joseph T. Grunkemeyer is enclosed. (Form PTO/SB/96) Typed or printed name attorney or agent of record. 46,746 Registration number (202) 404-1556 Telephone number attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34. October 2, 2007 Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34. Date NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*. *Total of forms are submitted.

PATENT APPLICATION Docket No.: 77897-US1

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In the application of: Imam et al.

Serial No.: 08/845,897 Filed: 08/28/1997

For: POROUS METAL/ORGANIC POLYMERIC COMPOSITES

Examiner: Vo, Hai Art Group Unit: 1771

Honorable Commissioner of Patents PO Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

October 2, 2007

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

Sir:

This Request is in response to the final Office of 08/10/2007. It is submitted with a Notice of Appeal.

Claims 1-28 are pending in the application. Claims 5, 6, 8-10, and 12-16 have been withdrawn pursuant to a restriction/election of species requirements. No claims are presently allowed. The claims currently stand as they were amended on 01/17/2007.

Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. § 102

Claims 1-4, 7, 11, 19, 22, 23, and 25-28 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C § 102(b) as allegedly anticipated by Tsang et al. (US 4,605,595).

On 09/28/2005, the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences affirmed a rejection of all appealed claims over Tsang. The appealed claim 1 was similar to the present claim 1, but lacked the limitations regarding the optional components and the range of vol% of the polymeric matrix. On 11/22/2005, Applicants amended claim 1 to recite "optionally, one or more additional components selected from a catalyst, a curing agent, a curing additive, and a release agent" and to change the preamble to "consisting essentially of." The rejection over Tsang was maintained in the Office action of 01/06/2006. On 04/06/2006, Applicants amended claim 1 to also recite that "the article comprises from about 60 to about 95 vol.% of the polymeric matrix" and to restore the preamble to "comprising." (This is the final amendment to claim 1.) In the Office

action of 05/30/2006, the rejections over Tsang were withdrawn. The Examiner stated "Tsang does not disclose the composite material comprising from 60-95% by volume of the polymeric matrix" (Office action of 05/30/2006, page 2, lines 2-4). However, the Office action contain new rejections over JP 08-245810 and JP 08-245810 in view of Tsang. On 07/13/2006 Applicants submitted a declaration to swear back of JP 08-245810, and on 03/21/2007 all rejections over JP 08-245810 were withdrawn. However, this Office action also reasserted the rejection over Tsang, despite the fact that claim 1 had not been amended since the Tsang rejection was withdrawn and the Examiner's admission that Tsang did not disclose the vol% limitation. Reassertion of the this withdrawn rejection is unwarranted.

The remainder of this request of a reproduction of Applicants' remarks in the Response to Final Rejection filed on 10/02/2007, concurrent with this request.

In order to make a *prima facie* case of anticipation, the reference must disclose each limitation of the claim. *Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California*, 2 U.S.P.Q.2d 1051, 1053, 814 F.2d 628, 631 (Fed. Cir. 1987); MPEP 2131. Among other deficiencies, the reference does not disclose the limitation in claims 1 and 22 that the article comprises from about 60 to about 95 vol.% of the polymeric matrix (as stated by the Examiner on 05/30/2006, page 2, lines 2-4). Tsang discloses the weight percentages of the ingredients (Fig. 2) but not their densities. Given that the highest disclosed weight percentage of binder is 40 wt.% (col. 3, line 26) and the high amounts of fillers used, it appears that 60 vol.% binder is not disclosed.

In the present rejection, the Examiner stated that the claims do not preclude the polymeric matrix from having inorganic fillers and that therefore the slurry of Tsang reads on the claimed polymeric matrix (Office action of 08/10/2007, page 6, lines 20-22).

Although claim 1 does not preclude the presence of inorganic fillers, any such filler is not a part of the volume fraction of polymeric matrix. It is known in the field of composites that the matrix is a continuous phase surrounding the other components (e.g., fillers) of the composite. In attached article "Composite material" *McGraw-Hill Encyclopedia of Science and Technology* (9th ed. 2002), it is stated that major constituents of composites are fibers, particles, laminae or layers, flakes, fillers, and matrices (paragraph bridging pages 508-509). The matrix is a separate constituent from any filler, and the filler is not a part of the matrix. The recited vol% of the polymeric matrix in claim 1 refers to the amount of the polymer only. Further, even though a

claim is open by use of "comprising" in the preamble, it does not mean that each of the recited elements is open to anything that is not specifically excluded from the element. To read open claims in the manner suggested by the Examiner would render the elements of any such claim to be meaningless. In the present case, the Examiner's interpretation would result in 60 vol% polymeric matrix reading on 0.001 vol% polymeric matrix and 59.999 vol% anything else.

Claims 2-4, 7, 11, 19, 23, and 26 depend from and contain all the limitations of claim 1, and claims 25, 27, and 28 depend from and contains all the limitations of claim 22. The arguments regarding the lack of *prima facie* for claims 1 and 22 are applicable to claims 2-4, 7, 11, 19, 23, and 25-28.

Further, as to claims 23 and 25, the claims recite the phrase "consists of" in the preamble. This phrase excludes the filler, friction modifier, and reinforcing fiber of Tsang. The Examiner stated that the catalyst, curing agent, curing additive, or release agent recited in these claims "read pretty much on anything which could include a filler, so claims 23 and 25 are essentially as open as claim 1" (page 7, lines 4-5).

There is no explanation as to how catalyst, curing agent, curing additive, or release agent encompasses anything. However, the Examiner's own statement admits that it actually does not read on everything. If it read on "pretty much anything," (emphasis added) then there must be something it does not read on. The filler of Chang is not a catalyst and has nothing to do with curing or releasing. Thus, the filler is excluded from the scope of these claims.

As to claims 26-28, the claims recite a more specific range that is also not disclosed in Tsang.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

Claims 17, 18, 20, 21, and 24 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being allegedly unpatentable over Tsang. This rejection was also asserted in the office action of 01/06/2006 and subsequently withdrawn.

In order to make a *prima facie* case of obviousness, each claim limitation must be disclosed in the references (MPEP 2143.03). As above, the reference does not disclose the limitation in claim 1 (claims 17, 18, and 20 dependent thereon) and 21 (claim 24 dependent thereon) that the article comprises from about 60 to about 95 vol.% of the polymeric matrix. As all the claim limitations of claims 1 and 21 are not disclosed in the reference, a *prima facie* case

of obviousness has not been made.

Further, as to claim 24, the claim recites the phrase "consists of." This phrase excludes the filler, friction modifier, and reinforcing fiber of Tsang.

The above arguments regarding the 102(b) rejection also apply.

Claims 1-4, 7, 11, and 17-28 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) as being allegedly unpatentable over Yang et al. (US 5,516,592) in view of Akiyama et al. (US 4,713,277).

Neither Yang nor Akiyama discloses the limitation in claims 1 and 22 that the article comprises from about 60 to about 95 vol.% of the polymeric matrix. The hardness-reinforcement composition of Yang contains both resin and inorganic powder. The vol% of the polymeric matrix is not disclosed. Akiyama does not disclose any resin.

The Examiner stated that the combination would comprise about 90 vol% of the reinforcing composition (page 5, lines 15-17). However, the reinforcing composition contains inorganic powder. The vol% of the resin alone is not disclosed. As all the claim limitations of claims 1 and 21 are not disclosed in the reference, a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been made.

Further, as to claims 23-25, the claims recite the phrase "consists of." This phrase excludes the inorganic powder of Yang.

As to claims 26-28, the claims recite a more specific range that is not disclosed in the references.

The above arguments regarding the 102(b) rejection also apply.

In view of the foregoing, it is submitted that the application is now in condition for allowance.

In the event that a fee is required, please charge the fee to Deposit Account No. 50-0281,

and in the event that there is a credit due, please credit Deposit Account No. 50-0281.

Respectfully submitted,

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